

## Internal Audit Report for Poslingford Parish Council for the period ending 31 March 2024

Clerk	Chris Turner
RFO (if different)	-
Chairperson	Councillor Martin England
Precept	£4,174.00
Income	£4,174.00
Expenditure	£2,612.71
General reserves	£6,752.81
Earmarked reserves	£2,048.00
Audit type	Annual
Auditor name	<b>Victoria Waples</b>

### Introduction

The primary objective of internal audit is to review, appraise and report upon the adequacy of internal control systems operating throughout the council. To achieve this SALC adopt a predominantly systems-based approach to audit.

The council's internal control system comprises the whole network of systems established within the council to provide reasonable assurance that the council's objectives will be achieved, with reference to:

- the effectiveness of operations
- the economic and efficient use of resources
- compliance with applicable policies, procedures, laws, and regulations
- the safeguarding of assets and interests from losses of all kinds, including those arising from fraud, irregularity, and corruption
- the integrity and reliability of information, accounts, and data

## Methodology

When conducting the audit, the internal auditor may:

- conduct a selective assessment of compliance with relevant procedures and controls expected to be in operation during the financial year in order to be able to complete the Annual Internal Audit Report 2022/23 of the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR)
- review the reliability and integrity of financial information and the means used to identify, measure, classify and report such information
- review the means of safeguarding assets and, as appropriate, verify the existence of such assets
- appraise the economy and efficiency with which resources are employed, identify opportunities to improve performance and recommend solutions to problems
- review the established systems to ensure compliance with those policies, procedures, laws, and regulations which could have a significant impact on operations, and determine whether the council complies
- review the operations and activities to ascertain whether results are consistent with objectives and whether they are being conducted as planned

<b>Section 1 – proper bookkeeping</b>		
The internal auditor will look at the methods and processes used to manage the council’s accounts and in particular that it provides clear data for reporting and monitoring purposes. This includes checking information is accurate, kept up to date, referenced and verified.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Is the ledger maintained and up to date?</i>	Yes	The council uses a manual spreadsheet ledger. The Responsible Financial Officer (RFO) has ensured that the cashbook is the focus for day-to-day accounting and is aware that the balancing off and reconciliation to the bank statement remains the most important control over the accounting system.
<i>Is the ledger on the correct basis in relation to the gross income/expenditure?</i>	Yes	Council’s gross income and expenditure level is below the threshold of £200,000 and has been for three (3) continuous years. Council’s operating under this limit may choose either to report on an income and expenditure basis or on a receipts and payments (R&P) basis. Council has elected to report its financial matters on a receipts and payments basis.
<i>Is the cash book up to date and regularly verified?</i>	Yes	The cashbook is reconciled on a regular basis.
<i>Is the arithmetic correct?</i>	Yes	A number of spot checks were conducted, and the functionality of the cashbook was found to be in order.
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 2 – Financial Regulation and Standing Orders</b>		
The internal auditor will check the date the Council conducted its annual review of both Standing Orders and Financial Regulations and in particular check if these are based on NALC’S latest model which include legislative changes.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
Have Standing Orders been adopted, up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	The Standing Orders, as seen on the Parish Council's website, were reviewed at the meeting of 1 <sup>st</sup> March 2023. Council’s Orders, are based on the latest model published by the National Association of Local Councils (2018) and contain the provisions of the Model Councillor Code of Conduct

		as adopted by the Council. The Standing Orders are compliant with legislation and have been adapted (where they are not statutory requirements) to ensure that they are relevant to the Parish Council. <i>Comment: council should ensure that it if is to use the model standing orders, standing order 18 should be updated with the amended thresholds as specified in the Public Contracts (amendments) Regulations 2022.</i>
Are Financial Regulations up to date and reviewed annually?	Yes	Financial Regulations (FR), as seen on the Council's website were reviewed at the meeting of 20 <sup>th</sup> March 2024 and are based on the NALC Model Financial Regulations 2019. <i>Comment: council should note the provisions as outlined under LTN 87 - Procurement – March 2022 and the amendments to the Procurement Thresholds amendments (SI 2022/139) of the Public Contracts (Amendment) Regulations 2022 which came into force on 21<sup>st</sup> December 2022.</i> SALC have also advised that the model financial regulations 2024 are now available to be reviewed, tailored to councils and adopted at the earliest opportunity.
Has the Council properly tailored the Financial Regulations?	Yes	The Council's Financial Regulations have been tailored to the Parish Council.
Has the Council appointed a Responsible Financial Officer (RFO)? <sup>1</sup>	Yes	In accordance with Section 151 of the Local Government Act 1972(d) (financial administration), the Council has appointed a person to be responsible for the administration of the financial affairs of the relevant authority.
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

### Section 3 – Payment controls

The internal auditor will specifically check bank reconciliation including credit/debit cards and management approval processes and evidence that internal Financial Regulations (FO) are being followed. The internal auditor will examine how regular payments are managed and specifically seek evidence that these have been brought back to the Council for verification purposes especially where the actual payment made differs from the amount previously agreed. VAT should be clearly identified including evidence that claims have been correctly managed. The internal auditor will check if the Council has a clear understanding on eligibility in relation to the General Power of Competence and that s.137 has been correctly applied and managed.

<sup>1</sup> Section 151 Local Government Act 1972 (d)

Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
Is there supporting paperwork for payments with appropriate authorisation?	Yes	A selection of random payments were cross checked against payment authorisation slips, cash book, bank statement and invoices and all were found to be recorded/authorised in accordance with Proper Practices. A further spot check of items paid via the system from the Council's Accounts was also cross checked against cashbook, bank statements and invoices. All were found to be in order. A spot check of payments made under contractual terms were further analysed and all were found to be in accordance with agreed schedules and sums approved. At each relevant full Council Meeting (quarterly meetings) a list of all payments is presented to the meeting with formal approval of such expenditure being shown in the minutes and evidence of such paperwork in the files submitted for internal audit. The minutes show payments made away from the meeting are also brought back to full Council and formally approved as retrospective payments at each relevant meeting.
Where applicable, are internet banking transactions properly recorded and approved?	Yes	Internet banking is operated in accordance with the Council's own Financial Regulations. The process followed ensures that there is dual authorisation of the approval as well as release of the payment made via online banking. The schedules for payment as presented at each meeting are signed off by the Chair.
Is VAT correctly identified, recorded, and claimed within time limits?	Yes	VAT is identified in the cash book with the year-end balance standing at £37.60. The outstanding balance of reclaimable VAT from the year 22-23 of £102.97 is still to be claimed.
Has the Council adopted the General Power of Competence (GPOC) and is there evidence this is being applied correctly? <sup>2</sup>	N/A	The council has not confirmed eligibility criteria to enable it to exercise the GPOC.

<sup>2</sup> Localism Act

Are payments under s.137 <sup>3</sup> separately recorded, minuted and is there evidence of direct benefit to electorate?	Yes	Payments identified as being made under this power for the year under review totalled £75.00 and were within regulatory limit and deemed by the Council to be in the interests of and bring benefit to its area and any of it or all of some of its inhabitants. <i>Comment: it is assumed that the payments made to CAB totalling £150.00 and that of £195 as a donation for noticeboards were made under LGA 1972 s142 (power to assist voluntary organisations to provide information and advice for individuals as well as those concerning their rights and obligations)</i>
Where applicable, are payments of interest and principal sums in respect of loans paid in accordance with agreements?	N/A	Council has no such loans.
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<p><b>Section 4 – Risk management</b>                  The internal auditor will expect to find evidence of the management of risks from identification of what those are for each individual Council through to how these will be managed and the controls in place to mitigate these and that these have been approved by the Council.</p>		
<b>Evidence</b>		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is there evidence of risk assessment documentation?</i>	Yes	The risk assessment documentation as reviewed provides details of the risks associated with the functioning of a smaller authority and the measures that the Council will undertake to mitigate such risks. The Risk Register for the year under review was considered and adopted by the council at its meeting of 20 <sup>th</sup> March 2024.
<i>Is there evidence that risks are being identified and managed?</i>	Yes	Council is aware that risk assessment needs to focus on the safety of the parish council’s assets and in particular its money. There is evidence that overall the parish council has taken action to identify and assess those risks and has considered what actions or decisions it needs to take during the year to manage in order to avoid financial or reputational consequences.

<sup>3</sup> Section 137 of the Local Government Act 1972 (“the 1972 Act”) enables local councils to spend a limited amount of money for purposes for which they have no other specific statutory expenditure. The basic power is for a local council to spend money (subject to the statutory limit – of £9.93 per elector) on purposes for the direct benefit of its area, or part of its area, or all or some of its inhabitants.

<p><i>Does the Council have appropriate and adequate insurance cover in place for employment, public liability and fidelity guarantee <b>and</b> has been reviewed on an annual basis?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Council has insurance in place under a Local Council policy with Zurich Municipal Insurance which shows core cover for the following: Public liability: £10million; Public/Products Liability: £10million and Fidelity Guarantee of £25thousand.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council has followed recommended guidance by ensuring that its Fidelity Cover is equal to at least the sum of the year-end balances plus 50% of the precept/grants to be received in the following April/May.</i></p> <p>Council has actively demonstrated that it is aware that it is the responsibility of the Council as a whole to satisfy itself that insurances are adequate and that all steps have been taken to mitigate and manage identified risks with appropriate insurance and that annual reviews of the Council's insurance were undertaken prior to renewal. The minutes of meetings from 6<sup>th</sup> September 2023 provide evidence that councillors requested sight of the insurance document to reviewed the levels of insurance for land, public and employees liability being proposed.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council has ensured that it is able to demonstrate that it has reviewed the risks facing the Council in transacting its business and has taken out appropriate insurance to manage and reduce the risks relating to property, cash and legal liability (amongst other things). Council might wish to report back that the review of the policy was in order.</i></p>
<p><i>Evidence that internal controls are documented and regularly reviewed<sup>4</sup></i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>At the meeting of 20<sup>th</sup> March 2024, Council, in accordance with Regulation 6 of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, confirmed that the financial and management systems of the council were sound and adequate and internal control arrangements were efficient and effective to address the risks associated with the management of public finances.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council continues with the good practice of appointing a councillor(s) to review the system of internal control via specific tests and as such has demonstrated that it has understood the requirements to have in place safe and efficient arrangements to safeguard public money.</i></p>
<p><i>Evidence that a review of the effectiveness of internal audit was conducted during the year, including</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>At the meeting of 20<sup>th</sup> March 2024, the council formally reviewed the scope and effectiveness of its internal audit arrangements and concluded that the</p>

<sup>4</sup> Accounts and Audit Regulations

<p><i>consideration of the independence and competence of the internal auditor prior to their appointment<sup>5</sup></i></p>	<p>standards were being met and that the work of internal audit was effective, as evidence in the adopted Internal Control Statement.  <i>Comment: Council is aware that in accordance with the Accounts and Audit Regulation 2015, it must review the terms of reference and effectiveness of internal audit and demonstrate that it has understood that the role of internal audit is to evaluate and report on the adequacy of the system of internal control.</i></p>
<p><b>Additional comments:</b></p>	

<p><b>Section 5 – Budgetary controls</b>                  The internal auditor will seek verification that budgets are properly prepared, agreed and monitored. In particular they will look for evidence of good practice in that the key stages of the budgetary process have been followed</p>		
<p><b>Evidence</b></p>		<p>Internal auditor commentary</p>
<p><i>Verify that budget has been properly prepared and agreed</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The budget for the year 2023-2024 was approved at the Council meeting of 30<sup>th</sup> November 2022 with the revenue income budget being set at £4,174. The budget for the year 2024-2025 was approved at the council meeting of 10<sup>th</sup> January 2024 with expenditure being set at £4,400.  <i>Comment: council has ensured transparency in the budgetary process followed by the Council by recording within the minutes, the actual budget being set alongside the reasoning for such a budget.</i></p>
<p><i>Verify that the precept amount has been agreed in full Council and clearly minuted</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>The precept for the year 2023 – 2024 was set at £4,174 at the meeting of 30<sup>th</sup> November 2022 with the minutes showing that this would equate to a small increase (5pence per annum) over that set for the previous year due to the changes in the tax base.                  The precept for the year 2024 – 2025 was discussed and approved at the meeting of 10<sup>th</sup> January 2024 and set at £4,400. The minutes show that this would represent an overall increase of £2.36% on a Band D dwelling over that set for the previous year.</p>

<sup>5</sup> Practitioners Guide

<i>Regular reporting of expenditure and variances from budget</i>	Yes	The minutes evidence that council conducted reviews covering the budget for the current year with a review of income and expenditure against budget at each meeting.
<i>Reserves held – general and earmarked<sup>6</sup></i>	Yes	The Council, as at year-end, had Earmarked Reserves totalling £2,048.00 and General Reserves of £6,752.81. <i>Comment: Council should note guidance as issued by Proper Practices which states that it is regarded as acceptable for a council's general (non-earmarked revenue) reserves to be equal to 3 to 12 months of Net Revenue Expenditure and should ensure that the level of general reserves held is in accordance with an adopted General Reserve Policy. There is no upper limit for Earmarked Reserves, but they should be held for genuine and intended purposes and their level subject to regular review and justification (at least annually).</i> <b>Recommendation: Council is advised to consider reviewing the level of general reserves held as the current level of £6752 (rounded) is in excess of 12 months of net revenue expenditure.</b>
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 6 – income controls</b>		
The internal auditor will seek evidence to ensure income is correct managed – recorded, banked, and reported and test mechanisms used to achieve this.		
<b>Evidence</b>		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Is income properly recorded and promptly banked?</i>	Yes	The only income for the year under review was the precept and this was recorded in accordance with Council's Financial Regulations.
<i>Is income reported to full council?</i>	Yes	Income received is reported to full Council within the financial reports submitted to full Council.
<i>Does the precept recorded agree to the Council Tax Authority's notification?</i>	Yes	Council received precept in the sum of £4,174 from West Suffolk Council for the period under review as reported to full Council within its Financial Reports

<sup>6</sup> In accordance with proper practices, the generally accepted minimum level of a Smaller Authority's General Reserve is that this should be maintained at between three (3) and twelve (12) months of Net Revenue Expenditure

		at its meetings in May 2023. Evidence was provided showing a full audit trail from Precept being discussed and approved to being served on the Charging Authority to remittance advice showing the Precept to be paid and receipt of same in the council's bank account.
<i>If appropriate, are CIL reporting schedules in accordance with the Regulations?<sup>7</sup></i>	N/A	CIL is not operated within West Suffolk.
<i>Is CIL income reported to the council?</i>	N/A	
<i>Does unspent CIL income form part of earmarked reserves?</i>	N/A	
<i>Has an annual report been produced?</i>	N/A	
<i>Has it been published on the authority's website?</i>	N/A	
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 7 – petty cash</b>		
The Internal Auditor will seek evidence that the Council has followed its own policies, procedures, and verification processes and that these are up to date.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<b>Internal auditor commentary</b>
<i>Is petty cash in operation?</i>	N/A	Council does not operate a petty cash system.
<i>If appropriate, is there an adequate control system in place?</i>	N/A	
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 8 – Payroll controls</b>
-------------------------------------

<sup>7</sup> Community Infrastructure Levy Regulations 2010

The Internal Auditor will check salaries were approved in accordance with PAYE, NI, Pension and that there is a clear understanding that the clerk is not self-employed. The Internal Auditor will also review how payroll is managed including evidence of approval of payslips.		
Evidence		Internal auditor commentary
<i>Do all employees have contracts of employment?</i>	Yes	Council had 1 employee on its payroll at the period end of 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024. Employment contracts were not reviewed during the internal audit, but the Clerk has confirmed that a Contract of Employment is in place.
<i>Has the Council approved salary paid?</i>	Yes	All salary payments are presented to full Council for approval and payment is made via internet banking in accordance with council's own Financial Regulations. Amendments to staff remuneration is approved by full council. <i>Comment: Council ensures that there are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation.</i>
<i>Minimum wage paid?</i>	No	No employee is paid the national minimum wage.
<i>Are arrangements in place for authorising of the payroll and payments to the council? Does this include a verification process for agreeing rates of pay to be applied?</i>	Yes	There are suitable payroll arrangements in place which ensures the accuracy and legitimacy of payments of salaries and wages, and associated liabilities and as such the council has complied with its duties under legislation.
<i>Do salary payments include deductions for PAYE/NIC? Is PAYE/NIC paid promptly to HMRC?</i>	Yes	The payroll function for the year under review is operated in accordance with HM Revenue and Customs guidelines and outsourced to Suffolk Association of Local Councils. Cross-checks were completed on a sample of payments covering salary and all were found to be in order with deductions paid to HM Revenue and Customs in accordance with regulatory timescales.
<i>Is there evidence that the Council is aware of its pension responsibilities? Are pension payments in operation?<sup>8</sup></i>	Yes	Council is aware of its pension responsibilities and no member of staff is enrolled with a pension provider.
<i>Have pension re-declaration duties been carried out</i>	Yes	At the meeting of 20 <sup>th</sup> March 2024, the Clerk confirmed that the council had completed its re-declaration of compliance with The Pensions Regulator.

<sup>8</sup> The Pension Regulator – [website click here](#)

<i>Are there any other payments (e.g.: expenses) and are these reasonable and approved by the Council?</i>	Yes	There is a satisfactory expense system in place and all expenses claimed are approved by full council with supporting paperwork in place and reimbursed in accordance with Council's Financial Regulations.
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 9 – Asset control</b>		
The Internal Audit will be seeking to establish if there is a list of assets in accordance with proper practices including the date of acquisition, location, and value. This extends to checking policies (with evidence of review) and that the Council has applied the documented approach in practice. The Internal Auditor will check not only valuation processes but the existence of reserve budgets for depreciation and adequacy of insurance. A clear audit trail should be available when items are purchased including minutes to evidence approval.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<b>Internal auditor commentary</b>
<i>Does the Council maintain a register of material assets it owns and manage this in accordance with proper practices?<sup>9</sup></i>	Yes	The Asset Register, as viewed on the Council's website, and as approved at the meeting of 20 <sup>th</sup> March 2024, was reviewed during the Internal Audit Visit for year-end and reflects those items listed under insurance and within the Parish Council's remit for maintenance and ownership. It is noted that the declared value for all assets at year-end (31.03.2024) is £6,229 which reflects no movement in the asset register since 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2023.
<i>Is the value of the assets included? (Note value for insurance purposes may differ)</i>	Yes	Council is mindful of the guidance within the Governance and Accountability for Smaller Authorities in England March 2023 on the valuation of its assets and has ensured that where the acquisition value of the asset at the time of first recording is used, that method of valuation has been consistently applied.
<i>Are records of deeds, articles, land registry title number available?</i>	Yes	Records of deeds, articles, land registry title number were not reviewed during the internal audit which was carried out via remote means.
<i>Are copies of licences or leases available for assets sited at third party property?</i>	N/A	Council does not have any assets located on third party property.

<sup>9</sup> Practitioners Guide

<i>Is the asset register up to date and reviewed annually?</i>	Yes	The values submitted on the Annual Governance and Accountability Return for Internal Audit show an asset value of £6,229 which matches that approved by the council at its meeting in March 2024. <i>Comment: Council has ensured that the values stated above mirrors the declared value on the unaudited accounts for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2024.</i>
<i>Cross checking of insurance cover</i>		Council has insurance under all risks cover for its assets as specified under generic headings on the insurance schedule.
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 10 – bank reconciliation</b>		
The internal auditor will seek to establish that the Council understands and can evidence good practice and internal control mechanisms in relation to bank reconciliation.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<b>Internal auditor commentary</b>
<i>Is bank reconciliation regularly completed and reconciled with the cash book and cover every account?</i>	Yes	Bank reconciliations are completed on a regular basis and reconcile with the cash sheets. Evidence was seen of the year end account balance which reconciled to the year-end accounts. <i>Comment: movement through the account is summarised as follows:</i> <i>Opening balance at 01.04.23: £7,239.52</i> <i>Income to 31.03.24: £4,174.00</i> <i>Expenditure to 31.03.24: £2,612.71</i> <i>Closing balance: £8,800.81</i>
<i>Do bank balances agree with bank statements?</i>	Yes	Bank balances agree with period end statements and, as at year end (31 <sup>st</sup> March 2024) the balance across the councils accounts stood at £8,800.81 as recorded in the Draft Statement of Accounts and on the Year-end Bank Reconciliation.
<i>Is there regular reporting of bank balances at Council meetings?</i>	Yes	Balances across the Council's accounts are reported at each meeting of full Council. The minutes of council meetings, demonstrate that a review of the bank reconciliation versus the bank statements has been undertaken. This

		is not only good practice but is also a safeguard for the RFO and fulfils one of the authority's internal control objectives.
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 11 – year end procedures</b>		
<b>Evidence</b>		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Are appropriate accounting procedures used?</i>	Yes	Accounts are produced on a receipts and expenditure/ basis, and all found to be in order.
<i>Financial trail from records to presented accounts</i>	Yes	The end of year accounts were presented for the internal auditor review and there is a clear financial trail from records to presented accounts. Year-end balances agree with cash book and bank reconciliations.
<i>Has the appropriate end of year AGAR<sup>10</sup> documents been completed?</i>	Yes	As Council is a smaller authority with gross income and expenditure not exceeding £25,000 it will be required to complete the Annual Governance and Accountability Return (AGAR) Form 2. The Accounting Statements were completed and had been approved and signed off at the meeting of 12 <sup>th</sup> June 2024.
<i>Did the Council meet the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt?</i>	Yes	The Parish Council did not have gross income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 during 2022-2023 and was able to declare itself exempt from a limited assurance review for the year ending 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2023. The minutes of 23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2023 demonstrate that Sections 1 and 2 and the Certificate of Exemption were reviewed, and permission was given for the Chair and Clerk to sign the documents . <i>Comment: Council has ensured that there is formal evidence of the legal decision taken to claim exemption under section 9 of the Local Audit (Smaller Authorities) Regulation 2015.</i>

<sup>10</sup> Annual Governance & Accountability Return (AGAR)

<p><i>During the period in question did the small authority demonstrate that it correctly provided for the exercise of public right as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015?</i></p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Council has demonstrated that during the year under review, it ensured that the period for the exercise of elector’s rights during Summer 2023 was in accordance with the period specified within the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015. The dates set were 15<sup>th</sup> June to 26<sup>th</sup> July 2023. Council should note that for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, the wrong form depicting the dates for the period has been uploaded onto the website.  <i>Comment: within the Annual Internal Audit Report, internal control objective test M requires the internal auditor to establish whether the parish council correctly provided for the exercise and published a copy of the required “Public Notice” by ensuring that it clearly identified the statutory 30 working day period when the Authority’s records are available for public inspection. This is evidenced by the notice on the website which contains the period for the exercise of public right; details of the manner in which the documents can be inspected; the name and address of the external auditor and the provisions as contained under section 25 and section 27 of the Act.</i></p>
<p><i>Have the publication requirements been met in accordance with the Regulations?<sup>11</sup></i></p>	<p>Partially met</p>	<p>The Council has partially complied with the requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 for smaller authorities with income and expenditure not exceeding £25,000 for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023 and published the following on a public website: <i>those in <b>bold</b> are missing from the website:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Certificate of Exemption</li> <li>Annual Internal Audit Report</li> <li>Section 1 – Annual Governance Statement of the AGAR</li> <li>Section 2 – Annual Accounting Statements of the AGAR</li> <li>Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights</li> <li><b>Analysis of variances</b></li> <li><b>Bank reconciliation – year-end</b></li> </ul> <p><b>Recommendation: Council should take steps to ensure that it complies with the publication requirements and timescales as detailed under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 during Summer 2024.</b></p>
<p><b>Additional comments:</b></p>		

<sup>11</sup> Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015

<b>Section 12 – internal audit</b>		
The internal auditor will revisit weaknesses and recommendations previously identified to see if these have been addressed. They will also check if any changes introduced require further verification to ensure effectiveness of the corrective action taken.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Has the Council considered the previous internal audit report?</i>	Yes	The Internal Audit Report for the period ending 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2023 was formally considered by and approved for adoption at the meeting of 7 <sup>th</sup> September 2023 with the minutes approving an action plan to address the comments and recommendations contained within the report.
<i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the recommendations raised?</i>	<i>Work required</i>	<p>Council has still to take action to address the matters that were raised within the internal audit report for the year ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2023, none of which had a significant impact on the financial management of the council.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Review of insurance</li> <li>2. <b>Publication in accordance with Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015</b></li> <li>3. <b>Publication of a website accessibility statement</b></li> </ol> <p><i>Comment: in accordance with guidance, an action plan should be produced setting out the areas of improvement or development as identified within the narrative internal audit report. Any proposed remedial actions should be identified within the plan along with the members or officers responsible for delivering improvement and the deadlines for the completion of the action. Council has understood the requirement to ensure that, having received a narrative internal audit report, it should minute its review of the work conducted and agree actions planned from the outcomes identified.</i></p>
<i>Has the Council confirmed the appointment of an internal auditor?</i>	Yes	<p>The appointment of the person to act as the parish council's independent internal auditor for the year 2023-2024 was approved at the council meeting of 20<sup>th</sup> March 2024.</p> <p><i>Comment: Council has understood the requirement to ensure that there is an appointed person to provide assurance that the financial and management systems of the council are sound and adequate and internal control arrangements are efficient and effective.</i></p>
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 13 – external audit for the period under review</b>		
The internal auditor will revisit the external audit so that previous weaknesses and recommendations can be considered.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Has the Council considered the previous external audit report?<sup>12</sup></i>	N/A	The Parish Council did not have gross income and expenditure exceeding £25,000 and was able to declare itself exempt from a limited assurance review for the year 2022-2023.
<i>Has appropriate action been taken regarding the comments raised?</i>	N/A	
<b>Additional comments:</b>		

<b>Section 14 – additional information</b>		
The internal auditor will look for additional evidence of good record keeping, compliance with data protection regulations, freedom of information and website accessibility regulations.		
<b>Evidence</b>		<i>Internal auditor commentary</i>
<i>Was the annual meeting held in accordance with legislation?<sup>13</sup></i>	Yes	Council held its Annual Meeting of the Parish Council at which the Chair was elected on 23 <sup>rd</sup> May 2023 in accordance with legislation in place at that time.
<i>Is there evidence that Minutes are administered in accordance with legislation?<sup>14</sup></i>	Yes	Council is aware that that under LGA 1972 schedule 12, paragraphs 41(1) and 44 the draft minutes of a meeting should be formally approved (with any necessary amendments) at the next meeting. At each meeting, the Chair is given formal approval to sign the minutes.

<sup>12</sup> Regulation 20 Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 – *following completion of an audit the Council should note that it is the Council as a whole (i.e., All members) and not a committee that should receive and consider the audit letter (including Annual Return and Certificate) from the local auditor as soon as reasonably practicable and the minutes should reflect that these have been received.*

<sup>13</sup> The Local Government Act 1972 Schedule 12, paragraph 7 (2) and Schedule 15 (2)

<sup>14</sup> Public Bodies (Admission to Meetings) Act 1960, Local Government Act 1972, and the Localism Act 2011

		<p>Whilst Council has ensured that, in accordance with legislation, loose leaf minutes are signed by the Chair of the meeting on each page, it should be noted that they are not numbered consecutively.</p> <p><b>Recommendation: council should ensure that the minutes are consecutively numbered month on month, year on year and not just for the meeting.</b></p>
<i>Is there a list of members' interests held?</i>	Yes	<p>There is no link was provided from the council's website to that of West Suffolk Council's for access to the Register of Interests for all current Parish Councillors.</p> <p><i>Comment: council might wish to ensure that the current councillors as listed on the front page of the website reflects those listed under Councillors on the Parish Council website page.</i></p>
<i>Does the Council have any Trustee responsibilities and if so, are these clearly identified in a Trust Document?</i>	N/A	Council does not have any Trustee Responsibilities.
<i>Has the Transparency Code been correctly applied, and information published in accordance with current legislation?</i>	Yes	<p>Council is aware that councils with gross income and expenditure under £25,000 are required to follow the Local Government Transparency Code 2014 for smaller authorities.</p> <p>Council should ensure that the following are published on a public website in accordance with the dates prescribed by the relevant regulations (not later than 1 July):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Internal Audit Report</li> <li>List of Councillors and Responsibilities</li> <li>Items of Expenditure Above £100 including recoverable and non-recoverable VAT</li> <li>End of Year Accounts</li> <li>Annual Governance Statement</li> <li>Asset Register</li> </ul> <p>and that Agendas of Meetings; Associated Papers and Minutes should be published in accordance with the prescribed timescales as set out in the Transparency code for smaller authorities – December 2014</p>
<i>Has the Council registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)?<sup>15</sup></i>	Yes	The Council is correctly registered with the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) as a Data Controller in accordance with the Data Protection Legislation.

<sup>15</sup> Data Protection Act 2018

		The adopted Model Publication Scheme as defined under the Freedom of Information 2000 has been uploaded onto the website.
<i>Is the Council compliant with the General Data Protection Regulation requirements?</i>	Yes	Council has taken active steps to ensure compliancy with the GDPR requirements and has adopted a Data Protection Policy which provides clear responsibilities and obligations of the Council in respect of the collecting, using and protecting of personal information in accordance with the provisions of the GDPR along with a Subject Access Request policy for dealing with the submission of requests covering personal data. <i>Comment: council is advised to ensure that there is a Privacy Policy on the Parish Council's pages on the website covering the framework that the public can expect for dealing with requests from individuals who have the right to know what data is held on them, why the data is being processed and whether it will be given to any third party.</i>
<i>Has the Council published a website accessibility statement on their website in line with Regulations?<sup>16</sup></i>	No	Whilst council has accessibility tools on its website thereby allowing for the increased functionality of the council's website, it has still to publish a website accessibility statement on the council operated website detailing the technical information of the website along with the methods used for testing the website; the steps being taken to improve accessibility and how the site is being improved to ensure that content meets the WCAG 2.1 Standard under Regulation 8 of the Public Sector Bodies (Websites and Mobile Applications) (No. 2) Accessibility Regulations 2018. <b>Recommendation: council should seek to address this outstanding audit point.</b>
<i>Does the council have official email addresses for correspondence?<sup>17</sup></i>	Yes	Council operates with an outlook.com email address for the clerk. <i>Comment: Council might wish to consider comments raised in the Practitioners Guide to Proper Practices (effective March 2024) sections 5.210 to 5.219 on the importance of using .gov.uk domains for websites and emails. Council in particular should ensure that there is a separation of private and office business.</i>
<i>Is there evidence that electronic files are backed up?</i>	Yes	Council uses a system whereby a back-up of the council's data is taken and stored appropriately.

<sup>16</sup> Website Accessibility Regulations 2018

<sup>17</sup> Practitioners Guide

<i>Do terms of reference exist for all committees and is there evidence these are regularly reviewed?</i>	<i>N/A</i>	Council does not operate with a committee system.
<b><i>Additional comments:</i></b>		

Signed: *Victoria S Waples*

Date of Internal Audit Review: 21.06.24 & 25.06.2024

Date of Internal Audit Report: 25.06.2024

On behalf of Suffolk Association of Local Councils